



K23U 1131

Reg. No. : .....

Name : .....

**IV Semester B.Sc. Degree (CBCSS – OBE – Regular/Supplementary/  
Improvement) Examination, April 2023  
(2019 Admission Onwards)**

**COMPLEMENTARY ELECTIVE COURSE IN MATHEMATICS  
4C04 MAT-CS : Mathematics for Computer Science – IV**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 40

**PART – A**

Answer **any four** questions. **Each** question carries **1** mark.

**(4×1=4)**

1. Define a graph.
2. Draw a connected regular graph with 4 vertices.
3. What is meant by a feasible solution of an LPP ?
4. What is a Transportation problem ?
5. What is meant by a boundary value problem ?

**PART – B**

Answer **any 7** questions. **Each** question carries **2** marks.

**(7×2=14)**

6. Define graph isomorphism.
7. Which simple graphs have diameter 1 ? Justify.
8. Draw the Peterson graph. Find a path of length 9 in the Peterson graph.
9. Find the radius and diameter of the wheel graph  $W_n$ .
10. What are the three components of an LPP ?

P.T.O.



11. Write the standard form of the LPP

$$\text{Max. } Z = 3x_1 + 3x_2 + 5x_3$$

$$\text{Sub. to } x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 \geq 5$$

$$2x_1 - 3x_2 \leq 3$$

$$x_1 + 2x_3 \leq 2$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0.$$

12. Explain degeneracy in a transportation problem.

13. Explain Loops in a transportation problem. Give an example.

14. Explain Simpson's  $\frac{1}{3}$ rd Rule.

15. Evaluate  $\int_0^\pi t \sin t \, dt$  using Trapezoidal rule.

### PART - C

Answer **any 4** questions. **Each** question carries **3** marks.

(4×3=12)

16. Let  $G$  be a non-empty graph with atleast two vertices. Then prove that  $G$  is bipartite if  $G$  has no odd cycle.

17. Let  $G$  be a graph with  $n$  vertices  $v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n$  and let  $A$  denote the adjacency matrix of  $G$  with respect to this listing of the vertices. Let  $k$  be any positive integer and let  $A^k$  denote the matrix multiplication of  $k$  copies of  $A$ . Then prove that the  $(i, j)^{\text{th}}$  entry of  $A^k$  is the number of different  $v_i - v_j$  walks in  $G$  of length  $k$ .

18. Explain the characteristics of canonical form of an LPP.

19. What are the major steps involves in the solution to a transportation problem ?

20. Obtain an initial basic feasible solution to the following transportation problem using the north-west corner rule :

	D	E	F	G	Available
A	11	13	17	14	250
B	16	18	14	10	300
C	21	24	13	10	400
Requirement	200	225	275	250	





21. From the Taylor series for  $y(x)$ , find  $y(0.1)$  correct to four decimal places if  $y(x)$  satisfies  $y' = x - y^2$  and  $y(0) = 1$ .
22. Use Euler's method to find  $y(0.04)$ , given the differential equation  $y' = -y$  with the condition that  $y(0) = 1$ .

PART – D

Answer any 2 questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

(2×5=10)

23. Use simplex method to solve the LPP

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 4x_1 + 10x_2$$

$$\text{Sub. to } 2x_1 + x_2 \leq 50$$

$$2x_1 + 5x_2 \leq 100$$

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 90$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0.$$

24. Use graphical method to solve that LPP

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 2x_1 + 3x_2$$

$$\text{Sub. to } x_1 + x_2 \leq 30$$

$$x_1 - x_2 \geq 0$$

$$x_2 \geq 3$$

$$0 \leq x_1 \leq 20$$

$$0 \leq x_2 \leq 12.$$

25. Find the starting solution in the following transportation problem by Vogel's Approximation Method. Also obtain the optimum solution :

	$D_1$	$D_2$	$D_3$	$D_4$	Supply
$S_1$	3	7	6	4	5
$S_2$	2	4	3	2	2
$S_3$	4	3	8	5	3
Demand	3	3	2	2	

26. Using Runge-Kutta method of both second order and fourth order formula, find  $y(0.1)$  and  $y(0.2)$  correct to four decimal places, given  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y - x$  where  $y(0) = 2$ ,  $h = 0.1$ .